

Appendix (g): OTHER HEALTH IMPAIRMENT (OHI).

Definition.

Other health impairment means having limited strength, vitality or alertness including a heightened alertness to environmental stimuli, that results in limited alertness with respect to the educational environment, that -

(1) Is due to chronic or acute health problems such as asthma, attention deficit disorder or attention deficient hyperactivity disorder, diabetes, epilepsy, or heart condition, hemophilia, lead poisoning, leukemia, nephritis, rheumatic fever, sickle cell anemia, and Tourette Syndrome, and

(2) Adversely affects a child's educational performance. [34 C.F.R. § 300.8(c)(9)]

In some cases, heightened awareness to environmental stimulus results in difficulties with starting, staying on and completing tasks; making transitions between tasks; interacting with others; following directions; producing work consistently; and, organizing multi-step tasks.

Eligibility.

1. Evaluation for initial eligibility shall include the following:

(a) The medical evaluation from a licensed doctor of medicine, or in the case of ADD and ADHD an evaluation by a licensed doctor of medicine or licensed clinical psychologist, should be considered by the child's Eligibility Team as part of the process of determining eligibility. The evaluation report shall indicate the diagnosis/prognosis of the child's health impairment, along with information as applicable regarding medications, special health care procedures and special diet or activity restrictions. The evaluation report used for initial eligibility shall be current within one year and must document the impact of the physical condition on the vitality, alertness or strength of the child. In cases of illness where the child's physical health and well-being are subject to deterioration or change, this report shall be updated as frequently as determined by the IEP Committee. A medical diagnosis does not automatically include or exclude a child from determination of eligibility.

(b) A comprehensive developmental or educational assessment to indicate the effects of the health impairment on the child's educational performance. Assessments shall document deficits in pre-academic or academic functioning, adaptive behavior, social/emotional development, motor or communication skills resulting from the health impairment. When assessment information indicates significant deficits in cognitive/academic functioning, a psychological evaluation shall be given.

(c) A child must not be determined to be a child with Other Health Impairment if the determinant factor for that determination is:

- a. Lack of appropriate instruction in reading, including the essential components of reading instruction;
- b. Lack of appropriate instruction in math;
- c. Lack of appropriate instruction in writing;
- d. Limited English proficiency;
- e. Visual, hearing or motor disability;
- f. Intellectual disabilities;
- g. Emotional disturbances;
- h. Cultural factors;
- i. Environmental or economic disadvantage; or
- j. Atypical educational history (attendance at multiple schools, lack of attendance).

Placement and Service Delivery.

(1) A child meeting eligibility criteria be served by any appropriately certified teacher in any educational program, as specified in the child's individualized education program (IEP).

(2) According to State Board of Education Rule 160-1-3-.03 Communicable Diseases, the district shall allow a child infected with a communicable disease to remain in his or her educational setting unless he or she currently presents a significant risk of contagion as determined by the district after consultation with the child's physician, a knowledgeable public health official and/or a physician designated by the LEA (at the LEA's option).